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## FOREIGN ACRICULTURE CIRCULAR

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL SERVICE WASHINGTON, D/C.

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WORLD MEAT PRODUCTION IN 1956

Summary

World meat production in 1956 continued to increase, and set a new high record. Production in the 42 principal producing countries of the world, excluding Communist China, was 92.5 billion pounds in 1956, 4 percent more than a year earlier. Production was 35 percent greater than the averages for both 1946-50 and 1934-38, although Eastern Europe's production was under prewar.

There were fairly sharp gains in meat output in South America and the Union of South Africa. Moderate gains were reported in North America. There were slight increases in Europe and the Middle East, but output declined 2 percent from 1955 in Australia and New Zealand.

MEAT 1/: Summary of world production, 1956 with comparisons

Continent or area		ages 1916 <b>–</b> 50	1955		Percentage change 1946-50 1955 to 1956 1956			
	Mil.lb.	Mil.lb.	Mil.lb.	Mil.lb.	Perce	nt:P	ercent	
North America 2/						:	4	
Western Europe 3/						:	2	
U.S.S.R	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	: 5/:	5/:	5/	: 19	:	π_	
Middle East 6/	: 1,115	: 1,327:	1,674:	1,683	: 27	:	1	
Philippines, Rep. of South America 7/						:	3	
Union of South Africa	•: 671	: 917:	970:	1,066		:	10	
Oceania 8/	3,211	3,338:	4,130:	4,067	: 22	:	-2	
Total	68,671	68,751	88,860	92,482	35	:	- 4	

L/ Carcass meat: beef, veal, pork; excluding lard, mutton, lamb, goatmeat and horsemeat. Excludes variety, rabbit and poultry meat. 2/ Canada, Mexico, United States and Cuba. 3/ Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Western Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, and Yugoslavia. L/ Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Eastern Germany, Hungary, Poland and Rumania. 5/ Estimates included in the total. 6/ Egypt, Turkey, Iraq and Iran. 7/ Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Paraguay and Uruguay. 8/ Australia and New Zealand.

Conditions have favored a steady increase in world meat production since the end of World War II. Expanded economic activity in the principal meat consuming countries has increased demand for meat. Adequate feed supplies and grazing conditions have also encouraged livestock production. In recent years meat production in the principal producing and consuming countries has increased faster than the population. But meat prices continue relatively high.

The upward trend in meat output reflects the continued increase in livestock numbers. In early 1957, hog numbers were estimated to be 31 percent above prewar (1936-40), cattle 24 percent, and sheep 23 percent greater. Conditions seem favorable for a continued increase in numbers in 1957.

World meat production is likely to continue to rise at about the rate of recent years. However, due to the large livestock numbers, a sharper increase in meat output is possible if a number of the important producing countries should simultaneously step up slaughter because of feed shortages or economic conditions.

North America: Meat output in the United States continued upward in 1956 and reached a new all-time peak of 28 billion pounds — 4 percent greater than the previous record of 1955. Beef and veal production reached a new record of 16.1 billion pounds, exceeding the 1955 record by 7 percent. Pork production was moderately above the average for 1946-50, and was 2 percent greater than 1955. The United States is by far the largest meat producing country. The United States probably accounts for about 28 percent of the world's output, including production in Communist China.

Slaughter continued to rise moderately during 1956 in Mexico, Cuba, and Canada. Production probably is at new high levels in each of the 3 countries.

Western Europe: Production in Western Europe has increased materially since World War II and increased 2 percent from 1955 to 1956. During 1956, production rose materially in Italy, Switzerland, Yugoslavia, and the United Kingdom. Slight to moderate gains were reported for Austria, France, Belgium, the Netherlands, and West Germany. Production declined moderately during 1956 in Denmark, Finland, Norway, and Portugal. Fairly large decreases in production took place in Sweden and Ireland.

South America: Livestock slaughter increased sharply in South America during 1956. Production in Argentina rose substantially. Production rose moderately in Uruguay, but in Brazil it decreased slightly.

Africa: The Union of South Africa's meat output increased 10 percent last year. The removal of price controls on cattle encouraged slaughter; however, slaughter of hogs and sheep and lambs also rose. Production in Egypt did not change much from 1955 to 1956.

MEAT 1/ Preliminary estimate of production of beef and veal, pork, mutton, lamb and goat meat, and total meat in specified countries in 1956, with comparison

North America   1966-50   1955	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Million   Pounds   Million   Pounds   Million   Pounds   Million		Million: Mi Pounds: Po	Million: M. Pounds: Po		1956 3/: M11115n:	1966-50: Million:	1955 : Million :	1956 3/: Million: Pounds:	1946-50	1955
HAIllion Pounds  1,042 72 72 10,978 375 10,978 272 272 272 272 272 272 273 273 273 274 277 277 277 277 277 277 277 277 277	토입 - 리	Million Pounds 890 262 262 287 287 520 109 109 109 11,350 15,11,330 15,11,33				** *	111115n :	Million:	Million :	Million :		Domocont
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d States 10,978 15,  1a	A	10,541 : 37 : 232 : 267 : 520 : 1,350 : 57 1,530 : 57 1	1,019:	1,023 :	 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	: : : : 12 35 12 35	 7.29	1,980 :	2,332:	2,460	124 :	105
ta 158		232 267 520 109 1,350	10,991 :	11,221 :	743 :	758 :	747 :	22,262 :	26, R96 : 467 :	28,056 : 482 :	126:	104
238 272 272 272 373 374 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 375		267 520 109 1,350 2/1,530	 [3]	F			·· •· •·	107	: 697	: 227	. 971	וֹסר
7/2: 1,937: Western .:5/1,060: 1, 30: 1,58: 1,88: 522: ands .:27:		520 : 109 : 1,350 : 5/ 1,530 :	101	136		,	· ··	226		870 :	12.	101
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mode		35.	1,960:	2,170 :	150 :	262 :	266 :	3,613:	5,146 :	5,607	155	103
158 :			: 917	12. Con 60	2%	149:	771	161 :	231 :	232 :	11.	100
227		129 :	190 :	166	9 6	 % 5	 & &	327 :	907	372 :	117	92
	••	294:	733 :	. 092	13 :	13:	133	555	1,230	1,243 :	22h :	101
	•	. 27.	110:	118:	30	 	 Ri	193	272 :	260 :	135:	% 8
		347 :	108	. : 601		· •	, <del>, ,</del>	637 :	765 :		112 :	93
173 :		: 148 :	224 :	242 :	. 7	•• ©	. 8	336:	: 244	473:	141	106
United Kingdom 1,230 : 1,54 Yugoslavia 217 : 25		500 :	1,602:	- eh8 :	305:	387:	431 : 176 :	2,035 :	3,531	3,702 :	182:	105
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	•• ••	1			307 :	386 :		515 /	: 569			
Philippines, Rep. of: 5/ 33: 4	1.85		154:	150 :5/	30 m	 N M		171 : 5/ 125 :	207	213 :	324 :	103
South America: : : b,284 : b,614	14 : 5,545 :	391	336 :	119	: 01/5	75,	1,008	5,215	5,406	6,372 :	122	11.8
2998		: 52 :	. 764	/0: 1641	 676	127	) TT •	: 4444 :	3,214 :	3,104		6
Colombia 635 : -	1 1	. 75 .	1 1				1	72R :	1		1 1	1
Uruguay : 543 : 401	01: 475:	36 :	38 :	38 :	164 :	139 :	104 :	743 :	578	617 :	83:	107
Africa: : : : 650 : 65	650 : 735	85		107	185 :	225 :	: : :	: 716	970	1,766	3116	110
Oceania:		20.2		: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :			: 092	. 137	: 692 6	: 869 6	: 261	٥ بر
	05 : 561 :	: 18	87 8		708 :	775 :	788 :	1,201	1,367 :	1,439:	120 :	105

11minary. 1/ includes carcass weight equivalent of live animals exported. 5/ Two to four year average. 6/ Excludes ment from farm slaughter. 7/ Years ending September 30.

Compiled from official sources, reports of Agricultural Attaches and other United States representatives abroad. Data for countries having changed boundaries relate to present territory. Foreign Agricultural Service May, 1957.

Asia: Production of meat in Japan increased more than 300 percent since the end of World War II. This is largely due to greater availability of feed grains for livestock. Output in the Philippine Republic has also increased greatly over the same period.

Oceania: Total slaughter in Australia and New Zealand continued high in 1956, although production in Australia declined moderately from the preceding year. To take advantage of the good range and pasture situation, producers held cattle and sheep from slaughter.

U.S.S.R.: Meat production in the Soviet Union continues to increase. Reported 1956 output in state-controlled slaughterhouses increased 7 percent over 1955. The increase in meat output is in line with the steady increase in livestock numbers from their low point at the end of World War II. Production of meat in the U.S.S.R. is now estimated to be moderately above prewar.

Eastern Europe: Production data for Eastern Europe has been reappraised. New estimates have been made for prewar 1934-38, 1946-50, and later years. In the 6 countries in the area, meat production has increased considerably since the end of World War II, but has not reached prewar levels, judging by livestock numbers, apparent feed supplies, and persistent reports of meat shortages in the area.

Beef and veal production in 1956 made up 52 percent of the total production in the 42 countries. About 39.5 percent of total production was pork, and 8 percent lamb and mutton. Horsemeat accounted for less than 0.5 percent of the total.

## Note on Methodology

In this report an attempt has been made to report meat production on the basis of the total dressed slaughter weight of cattle, calves, hogs, sheep, lambs, and goats in each country. The meat production figures, therefore, include imported slaughter animals but exclude exports of live animals. Buffalo and horsemeat production is included in countries where such production is important. Pork production data include fatback but exclude allowances for the amount of raw fat rendered into lard. Data for other species include the usual quantity of carcass fats remaining on the carcass at the time of slaughter. Because of the various adjustments, the data do not always agree with that originally published by individual countries or with world summaries prepared by other organizations.

Data in the summary table relate to the same 42 countries throughout the range of years shown. It was estimated that in 1938, 41 of these countries produced around 97 percent of the output for 67 countries, excluding China. At the present time, it seems probable that the production in the 42 countries accounts for around 90 percent of the world's output including China.

MEAT: World production, 1956 with comparisons

	:	3:	1946-50	1955	1956	Perce 1946- 1956	50 1 1	.955 .956	to		
	Mil.lb.	:1	Mil.lb.:	Mil.lb.:	Mil.lb.	:Perce	nt:F	erce	nt		
	:	•	DE	EF AND V	CAT 7/	-	-		-		
	:		DE	TA WIND AT	CAL 1/				•		
North America 2/ Western Europe 3/	9,470 8,507	•	13,118:	17,553: 10,416:			:	6			
Eastern Europe 1/	: 2,225	:	1.400:	1,565:	1,575		:	1			
U.S.S.R.	: 3,350		5/:	5/:	5/	:	:	-			
Middle East 6/	: 421		575:	731:	728		:	-			
Philippines, Rep. of	95		33:	48:	58		:	21			
South America 7/	: 6,923		8,097:				:	11			
Union of South Africa			650:	650:			:	13			
Oceania 8/				2,182:			:	2			
Total							:	5			
	PORK (EXCLUDING LARD) 1/										
North America 2/	: 8,163	:	11,730:	12,463:	12,721	: 8	:	2			
Western Europe 3/	9,909			12,731:			:	3			
Eastern Europe Ly	· 4.855	•	3,850:				:	1			
U.S.S.R.	: 4.350		5/:	5/ :	5/		:				
Middle East 6/	: 1	:	4:	74:	1	:	:	-			
Philippines, Rep. of	110	:	87:	154:			:	<b>-</b> 3			
South America 7/	<b>808</b>	:	1,066:				:	8			
Union of South Africa	: 6L		82:	95:	107		:				
Oceania 8/	: 304	:	294:	305:	293		:	13			
Total	:28,564	:	26,270:	35,427:	36,614	: 39	:	3			
	MUTTON, LAMB AND GOAT 1/										
North America 2/	973	•	843:				:	-2			
Western Europe 3/	: 1 1.01.		1,228:	1,495:			:				
Eastern Europe L	: 315	•	300:	310:				5 2			
U.S.S.R.	: 1 075				315		•				
Middle East 6/	693		<u>5/:</u> 748:	<u>5/</u> :	<u>5/</u> 951	27		1			
Philippines, Rep. of	: 2		140:								
South America 7/			3: 88L:	3: 815:	722			-33			
Union of South Africa	: 186		185:	075:				-11			
Oceania 8/		:	1,409:	225: 1,643:	224			-5			
Total		<u>:</u>					i	CHUPMEPHAN			
	6,632	-	6,625	7,469:	7,417	12		-1	eco-en-en-en-		

<sup>1/</sup> Carcass meat - excludes variety meat. 2/ Canada, Mexico, United States and Cuba. 3/ Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Western Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom and Yugoslavia. 1/ Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Eastern Germany, Hungary, Poland and Rumania. 5/ Estimates included in the total. 6/ Egypt, Turkey, Iraq and Iran. 7/ Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Paraguay and Uruguay. 8/ Australia and New Zealand.

